Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4

Revision Date 26.11.2019

Print Date 20.04.2024

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name	:	Shell Spirax S2 G 90
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Product code	:	001D8262
1100000	•	00100202

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell India Markets Private Limite (U23201TN2004PTC053147) Commerzone, Block-2, No.2 200 Feet Radial Road Pallikaranai CHENNAI 600100 India	d
Telephone	: (+91) 04446945100	
Telefax	: (+91) 04443451516	
Emergency telephone number	: +91 22 6516 1058	
Recommended use of the ch	nemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	: Transmission oil.	

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	:	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375- 34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01- 2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65- 0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01- 2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69- 9 (01-0000020163-82), 68649-12-7 (01-2119527646-33), 151006-60-9 (01-2119523580-47), 163149-28-8 (01- 2119543695-30).
		* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.	(67/548/EEC)	(REGULATION	[%]

Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4

Revision Date 26.11.2019

Print Date 20.04.2024

	Registration number		(EC) No 1272/2008)	
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned		Asp. Tox. 1; H304	0 - 90
Alkyl polysulphide **	Not Assigned	R53	Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	< 3
Dialkyl polysulphide	68937-96-2	Xi; R43 N; R50/53	Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Aquatic Chronic 4; H412	< 3.3

** polymer exempt.

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

Label elements

Safety data sheet available on request.

Hazard pictograms Signal word	 No Hazard Symbol required No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under CLP criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as environmental hazard according to CLP criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases. Disposal: No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES	
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fire	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during firefighting	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid pa gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete occurs. Jnidentified organic and inorganic compounds.	
Specific extinguishing methods	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate circumstances and the surrounding environment	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Proper protective equipment including chemical gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is arge contact with spilled product is expected. Se Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approa	indicated if elf-Contained

Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4

 Revision Date 26.11.2019
 Print Date 20.04.2024

a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	 For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Storage		
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated

Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4	Revision Date 26.11.2019	Print Date 20.04.2024
	place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	 Suitable material: For containers or con steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. 	tainer linings, use mild
Container Advice	 Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk of 	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will

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Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4	Revision Date 26.11.2019	Print Date 20.04.2024
	vary depending upon potential exposur controls based on a risk assessment of Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne	f local circumstances.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated	
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling an controls. Educate and train workers in the hazar measures relevant to normal activities product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing a equipment used to control exposure, e equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage p subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene washing hands after handling the mate drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wa protective equipment to remove contan contaminated clothing and footwear tha Practice good housekeeping.	ds and control associated with this nd maintenance of .g. personal protective break-in or bending disposal or e measures, such as trial and before eating, ash work clothing and ninants. Discard

Personal protective equipment

Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worke health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65 (149°F)]. 	er the
Hand protection Remarks	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374 US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubbe gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on	4,

ersion 1.4	Revision Date 26.11.2019	Print Date 20.04.2024
	usage, e.g. frequency and durati resistance of glove material, dex from glove suppliers. Contamina replaced. Personal hygiene is a care. Gloves must only be worn gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed m	terity. Always seek advice ted gloves should be key element of effective hand on clean hands. After using I and dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recombreakthrough time of more than a for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves of may not be available and in this time maybe acceptable so long a and replacement regimes are fol a good predictor of glove resistand dependent on the exact composition of the glove thickness should be typicated by the glove make an and replacement regimes and the placement on the glove make and the should be typicated by the glove make and th	240 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For recommend the same but fering this level of protection case a lower breakthrough as appropriate maintenance lowed. Glove thickness is not nce to a chemical as it is ition of the glove material. ally greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it protective eyewear is recommen	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily re work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemi	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure c	controls	
		If the second second second

General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be
	treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: amber
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -18 °C / -0.40 °FMethod: ISO 3016

Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4	Revision Date 26.11.2019	Print Date 20.04.2024
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value	e(s)
Flash point	: 191 °C / 376 °F Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.904 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 904 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6(based on informatio	n on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 145 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
	14.3 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to b	e a static accumulator.

Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4

Print Date 20.04.2024

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4

Revision Date 26.11.2019

Print Date 20.04.2024

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Dialkyl polysulphide:

Remarks: Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising components present in this product does not induce skin sensitisation. May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4

Revision Date 26.11.2019

Print Date 20.04.2024

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Basis for assessment :	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Eco	toxicity	
	Product:	
	Toxicity to fish (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to crustacean (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic : plants (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to fish (Chronic : toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available

Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4	Revision Date 26.11.2019	Print Date 20.04.2024
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradat inherently biodegradable, but cont persist in the environment.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components w bioaccumulate.	<i>v</i> ith the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on i products)	nformation on similar
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most envir enters soil, it will adsorb to soil pa mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion por ozone creation potential or global is a mixture of non-volatile comporeleased to air in any significant que conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes porganisms. 	warming potential., Product nents, which will not be uantities under normal
	Mineral oil does not cause chronic organisms at concentrations less	

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses

Shell Spirax S2 G 90

Version 1.4	Revision Date 26.11.2019	Print Date 20.04.2024
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.	
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing to a recognized collector or contractor. the collector or contractor should be es Disposal should be in accordance with national, and local laws and regulations	The competence of stablished beforehand. applicable regional,
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with national, and local laws and regulations	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 (amended version issued 2000). The Factories Act, 1948, The Second Schedule: Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment, as amended through 1987. India Central motor Vehicles (Amendment) Rules 1993.

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS : All components listed or polymer exempt.

ersion 1.4		F	Revision Date 26.11.2019	Print Date 20.04.2024		
TSCA		: All components listed.				
OTHER INFORMATIO	ON					
Full text of R-Phras	es					
R43	May c	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.				
R50/53			o aquatic organisms, may cause	long-term adverse effects in		
R53		the aquatic environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.				
K00	iviay C	ause	long-term adverse enects in the	aqualle environment.		
Full text of H-Stater	nents					
H304		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.				
H317			an allergic skin reaction.			
H412			aquatic life with long lasting effect			
H413	May c	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.				
Full text of other ab	breviatio	ns				
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard					
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard					
Skin Sens.	Skin	sensi	tisation			
Abbreviations and Ac	cronvms	: т	he standard abbreviations and a	cronvms used in this		
			ocument can be looked up in refe			
			cientific dictionaries) and/or webs			
SDS Regulation		:	Regulation 1907/2006/EC			
Further information						
Training advice		· р	rovide adequate information, inst	truction and training for		
Training advice			perators.	inclion and training for		
		Ŭ				
Other information		·Δ	vertical bar () in the left margin	indicates an amendment		
			om the previous version.			
Sources of key data	used to	∙т	he quoted data are from, but not	limited to one or more		
compile the Safety D			ources of information (e.g. toxicol			
Sheet			lealth Services, material suppliers			
			JCLID date base, EC 1272 regula			

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.