Shell Hydraulic	S1	M 46	
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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name	:	Shell Hydraulic S1 M 46

Product code	:	001D7740
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Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell India Markets Private Limited (U23201TN2004PTC053147) 2nd Floor, Campus 4A RMZ Millenia Park 143 Dr. MGR Road, Perungudi CHENNAI 600096 India
Telephone	: (+91) 04443450000
Telefax	: (+91) 04443451516
Emergency telephone number	: +91 22 6516 1058
Recommended use of the ch	emical and restrictions on use
Recommended use	: Hydraulic oil

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature	: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-
	extract, according to IP346. : * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 22027 04 4 70200 00 0 70000 07 4 000 07 5 00004 000
	68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration [%]
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned		Asp. Tox. 1; H304	0 - 90

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

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3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word	 No Hazard Symbol required No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under CLP criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as environmental hazard according to CLP criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases. Disposal: No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.

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In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of w If persistent irritation occurs, obtain m	
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary a are swallowed, however, get medical	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptom of black pustules and spots on the ski Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiti	n of exposed areas.
		Local necrosis is evidenced by delaye tissue damage a few hours following i	
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure the appropriate personal protective equipse incident, injury and surroundings.	
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.	
		High pressure injection injuries require intervention an d possibly steroid there damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and seriousness of the underlying damage determine the extent of involvement m anaesthetics or hot soaks should be a can contribute to swelling, vasospasm surgical decompression, debridement foreign material should be performed anaesthetics, and wide exploration is	do not reflect the e, surgical exploration to hay be necessary. Local woided because they and ischaemia. Prompt and evacuation of under general

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if

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		large contact with spilled product i Breathing Apparatus must be worn a confined space. Select fire fighte relevant Standards (e.g. Europe:	n when approaching a fire in er's clothing approved to
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEAS	SUF	RES	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to an contamination. Prevent from spreaditches or rivers by using sand, ear barriers.	ading or entering drains,
		Local authorities should be advise cannot be contained.	d if significant spillages
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accident Prevent from spreading by making or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an abs Soak up residue with an absorbent suitable material and dispose of pre-	g a barrier with sand, earth sorbent. It such as clay, sand or other
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of perso see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data For guidance on disposal of spilled this Safety Data Sheet.	Sheet.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	 This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.

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Storage		
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and place. Use properly labeled and closable	
	Store at ambient temperature.	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers of steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	•
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should no temperatures because of possible	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

				. .
Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control	Basis
		(Form of	parameters /	
		exposure)	Permissible	
			concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH
		((inhalable		Threshold
		fraction))		Limit Values
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	India.
		. ,		Permissible
				levels of
				certain
				chemical
				substances
				in work
				environment.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	(Mist)	10 mg/m3	India.
				Permissible
				levels of
				certain
				chemical
				substances
				in work
				environment.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
	Not Assigned	TWA	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
	, s	(Inhalable	, J	
		fraction)		

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general

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controls. For some substar Validated exposure measu samples analysed by an ac Examples of sources of rec contact the supplier. Furthe National Institute of Occupa http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ Occupational Safety and H http://www.osha.gov/ Health and Safety Executiv http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz De http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/in	commended exposure measurement met er national methods may be available. ational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA ealth Administration (OSHA), USA: Sam e (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determina eutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherur	ppropriate. competent person and thods are given below or : Manual of Analytical Method pling and Analytical Methods ation of Hazardous Substance og (IFA) , Germany
Engineering measures	: The level of protection and types vary depending upon potential ex controls based on a risk assessin Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control a	xposure conditions. Select nent of local circumstances.
	Where material is heated, spraye greater potential for airborne con	
	General Information: Define procedures for safe hand controls.	-
	Educate and train workers in the measures relevant to normal act product.	
	Ensure appropriate selection, tes equipment used to control expos equipment, local exhaust ventilat Drain down system prior to equip	ure, e.g. personal protective tion.
	Retain drain downs in sealed sto subsequent recycle.	
	Always observe good personal h washing hands after handling the drinking, and/or smoking. Routir protective equipment to remove contaminated clothing and footw Practice good housekeeping.	e material and before eating, nely wash work clothing and contaminants. Discard
Personal protective equip	oment	
Protective measures		
Personal protective equipn PPE suppliers.	nent (PPE) should meet recommended r	ational standards. Check wi
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordin conditions of use. In accordance with good industri precautions should be taken to a 	al hygiene practices,

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	If engineering controls do not ma concentrations to a level which is health, select respiratory protect specific conditions of use and ma Check with respiratory protective Where air-filtering respirators are appropriate combination of mask Select a filter suitable for the cor and vapours [Type A/Type P bo	s adequate to protect worker ion equipment suitable for the eeting relevant legislation. e equipment suppliers. e suitable, select an < and filter. nbination of organic gases
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the pro- gloves approved to relevant star US: F739) made from the followi suitable chemical protection. PV gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and durati resistance of glove material, dex from glove suppliers. Contamina replaced. Personal hygiene is a care. Gloves must only be worn gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed m	ndards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ing materials may provide C, neoprene or nitrile rubber of a glove is dependent on ion of contact, chemical tterity. Always seek advice ted gloves should be key element of effective hand on clean hands. After using d and dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recombreakthrough time of more than for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves of may not be available and in this time maybe acceptable so long a and replacement regimes are fol a good predictor of glove resista dependent on the exact compos Glove thickness should be typicat depending on the glove make ar	240 minutes with preference e gloves can be identified. For recommend the same, but fering this level of protection case a lower breakthrough as appropriate maintenance llowed. Glove thickness is not nce to a chemical as it is ition of the glove material. ally greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it protective eyewear is recommen	
Skin and body protection	 Skin protection is not ordinarily r work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemi 	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure of	controls	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fur relevant environmental protection contamination of the environmer Chapter 6. If necessary, preven- being discharged to waste water treated in a municipal or industria before discharge to surface water	n legislation. Avoid nt by following advice given in t undissolved material from . Waste water should be al waste water treatment plant

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	Local guidelines on emission limit must be observed for the discharg vapour.	

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: amber
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -15 °C / 5 °FMethod: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	: 230 °C / 446 °F Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)
Relative density	: 0.873 (15 °C / 59 °F)
Density	: 873 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: negligible
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F
Viscosity	
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available
viscosity, dynamic	

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Viscosity, kinematic	: 46 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
	6.7 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity Decomposition temperature	This material is not expected to bData not available	e a static accumulator.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazard addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.	ls in
Chemical stability	Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to during normal storage.	o form

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Ас	ute toxicity		
	Product:		
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.

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Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg
		Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

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Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Basis for assessment :	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Eco	otoxicity	
	Product:	
	Toxicity to fish (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
	Toxicity to crustacean (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic : plants (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic:

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	LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not rea constituents are expected to be i contains components that may p	nherently biodegradable, but
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components bioaccumulate.	with the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on info	ormation on similar products)
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most env enters soil, it will adsorb to soil p mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volat expected to be released to air in Not expected to have ozone dep photochemical ozone creation po potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cau organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cau aquatic organisms at concentration 	any significant quantities., letion potential, otential or global warming se physical fouling of aquatic use any chronic effects to

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

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	Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regula Local regulations may be more stri national requirements and must be	tions. ngent than regional or
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevail to a recognized collector or contract the collector or contractor should b Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regula	ctor. The competence of e established beforehand. with applicable regional,

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions Special precautions for user	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 (amended version issued 2000). The Factories Act, 1948, The Second Schedule: Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment, as amended through 1987. India Central motor Vehicles (Amendment) Rules 1993.

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements					
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.				
Full text of other abbreviations					
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard				
Abbreviations and Acro	nyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.				
SDS Regulation	: Regulation 1907/2006/EC				
Further information					
Other information	: A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.				

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.