Shell Spirax	S2 G 140
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Version 1.3

Revision Date 24.03.2017

Print Date 25.03.2017

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name	:	Shell Spirax S2 G 140

Product code	:	001D8263

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	 Shell India Markets Private Limited (U23201TN2004PTC053147) 2nd Floor, Campus 4A RMZ Millenia Park 143 Dr. MGR Road, Perungudi CHENNAI 600096 India
Telephone	: (+91) 04443450000
Telefax	: (+91) 04443451516
Emergency telephone number	: +91 22 6516 1058
Recommended use of the c Recommended use	hemical and restrictions on use : Transmission oil.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature

: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration [%]
Alkyl polysulphide	Not Assigned	R53	Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	< 3

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

Label elements

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Safety data sheet available on request.

Hazard pictograms Signal word	 No Hazard Symbol required No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under CLP criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as environmental hazard according to CLP criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage: No precautionary phrases. Disposal: No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas.

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delayed		Ingestion may result in nausea, vomitin	g and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure the appropriate personal protective equipm incident, injury and surroundings.	
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.	
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES			
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemica dioxide, sand or earth may be used for	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may in A complex mixture of airborne solid and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if ind occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic com	d liquid particulates and complete combustion
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are an circumstances and the surrounding env	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including of gloves are to be worn; chemical resista large contact with spilled product is exp Breathing Apparatus must be worn whe a confined space. Select fire fighter's cl relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN46	nt suit is indicated if bected. Self-Contained en approaching a fire in othing approved to

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriat barriers.	
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.	3
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediate Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, ea or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. 	

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Print Date 25.03.2017 Revision Date 24.03.2017 Version 1.3 Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly. Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet. 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE **General Precautions** : Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. Advice on safe handling : Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Avoidance of contact : Strong oxidising agents. **Product Transfer** : This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations. Storage Other data : Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. Store at ambient temperature. Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. **Container Advice** : Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control	Basis
		(Form of	parameters /	
		exposure)	Permissible	

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	1	1		1
			concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	IN OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH
		((inhalable		Threshold
		fraction))		Limit Values
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	India.
				Permissible
				levels of
				certain
				chemical
				substances
				in work
				environment.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	(Mist)	10 mg/m3	India.
				Permissible
				levels of
				certain
				chemical
				substances
				in work
				environment.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
	Not Assigned	TWA	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		(Inhalable		
		fraction)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
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	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.	
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling at controls. Educate and train workers in the haza measures relevant to normal activities product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing a equipment used to control exposure, e equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygien washing hands after handling the mate drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely w protective equipment to remove contai contaminated clothing and footwear the Practice good housekeeping.	rds and control associated with this and maintenance of e.g. personal protective break-in or pending disposal or e measures, such as erial and before eating, vash work clothing and minants. Discard

Personal protective equipment

Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection :	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand protection Remarks :	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly.

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	Application of a non-perfumed r	noisturizer is recommended.
	For continuous contact we reco breakthrough time of more than for > 480 minutes where suitabl short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves o may not be available and in this time maybe acceptable so long and replacement regimes are for a good predictor of glove resista dependent on the exact compose Glove thickness should be typic depending on the glove make a	240 minutes with preference e gloves can be identified. For recommend the same, but ffering this level of protection case a lower breakthrough as appropriate maintenance ollowed. Glove thickness is not ance to a chemical as it is sition of the glove material. cally greater than 0.35 mm
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that i protective eyewear is recommendation	
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily work clothes. It is good practice to wear chem	
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Environmental exposure of	ontrols	
General advice	 Take appropriate measures to f relevant environmental protection contamination of the environme Chapter 6. If necessary, prever being discharged to waste wate treated in a municipal or industr before discharge to surface wat Local guidelines on emission lin must be observed for the dischar vapour. 	on legislation. Avoid nt by following advice given in nt undissolved material from r. Waste water should be ial waste water treatment plan er. nits for volatile substances

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	amber
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-9 °C / 16 °FMethod: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	:	199 °C / 390 °F Method: ISO 2592

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Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.918 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
Density	: 918 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on	similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 340 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
	25.1 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity Decomposition temperature	This material is not expected to beData not available	e a static accumulator.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in
	addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

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Chemical stability	:	Stable.	
Possibility of hazardous	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
reactions Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sur	nlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hazardous decomposition products are during normal storage.	not expected to form

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acu	te toxicity		
	Product:		
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
	Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

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Product:

Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

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Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Basis for assessment :	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic : plants (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic : toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available
	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms : (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Data not available
Persistence and degradability	
Product:	
Biodegradability :	Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Product:	
Bioaccumulation :	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient: n- : octanol/water	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
Mobility in soil	

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Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most environr enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particl mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
Other adverse effects		
no data available <u>Product:</u>		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volatile conservence of the released to air in any Not expected to have ozone depletion photochemical ozone creation potent potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause programisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause a aquatic organisms at concentrations in the second second	significant quantities., n potential, ial or global warming hysical fouling of aquatic ny chronic effects to

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

Version 1.3 Revision Date 24.03.2017 Print Date 25.03.2017 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Pollution category : Not applicable Ship type : Not applicable Product name : Not applicable Special precautions : Not applicable Special precautions for user Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport. Additional Information

: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989 (amended version issued 2000). The Factories Act, 1948, The Second Schedule: Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in work environment, as amended through 1987. India Central motor Vehicles (Amendment) Rules 1993.

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-Phrases				
R53	May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.			
Full text of H-Statements				
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.			
Full text of other abbreviations				
Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity				
Abbreviations and Acro	onyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.			
SDS Regulation	: Regulation 1907/2006/EC			
Further information				
Other information	: A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.			

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.